

## NATIONAL OPEN UNIVERSITY OF NIGERIA

# University Village, Plot 91, Cadastral Zone, Nnamdi Azikwe Express Way, Jabi-Abuja FACULTY OF SCIENCES

### DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS 2024 1 EXAMINATION

Course Code: MTH382

Course Title: Calculus of SeveralVariables

Credit Unit: 3

Time Allowed: 3 Hours

Total: 70 Marks

Instruction: Answer Question One (1) and Any Other Three (3) Questions

#### QUESTION ONE

(a) i. What are ordinary differential equations? [2 Marks] ii. Given that  $\frac{dy}{dx} + y \tan x = e^{2x} \cos x$ , y(0) = 2. Show that the solution of the above differential equation is  $y = \frac{1}{2}(e^{2x} + 3)\cos x$ .. [7 Marks]

(b) Consider the initial value problem (IVP)  $\frac{dy}{dt} = 2ty$ , y(0) = 1, and apply the Method of Successive Approximations.

(c) Show that  $y' = F[t, y], y(t_0) = y_0$ , has a unique solution defined in the interval  $(t_0 - r, t_0 + r)$ , where  $r < min\left(a, \frac{b}{M}, \frac{1}{K}\right)$ . [11 Marks]

#### QUESTION TWO

(a) Describe the Bessel equation.

[2 Marks]

(b) Using Rodrigues's formula, determine the Legendre polynomial  $P_2(x)$ . [5 Marks]

(c) Starting from the generating function of the Bessel function of the first kind  $e^{\frac{1}{2}x\left(t-\frac{1}{t}\right)=\sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty}[t^nJ_n(x)],n\in\mathbb{Z}}$  show that  $J_n(x)=(-1)^nJ_{-n}(x)$ . [8 Marks]

#### QUESTION THREE

(a) What are factorial notations?

[2 Marks]

(b) Show that  $(\alpha)_{2n} = 2^{2n} \left(\frac{\alpha}{2}\right)_n \left(\frac{\alpha+1}{2}\right)_n$ .

[5 Marks]

(c) Prove that  $\Gamma(2z) = \frac{2^{2z-1}}{\sqrt{\pi}} \Gamma(z) \Gamma(z + \frac{1}{2}), (2z = 0, -1, -2, \dots \dots$ 

[8 Marks]

#### QUESTION FOUR

(a) Define the Laplace differential equation?

[2 Marks]

(b) Provide the Fourier series conforming to f(x),  $a_n$  and  $b_n$ .

[2 Marks]

(c) A square plate is bounded by the lines x = 0, y = 0, x = 1 and y = 1. Apply the Laplace equation to determine the potential distribution u(x, y) over the plate, subject to the following boundary conditions:

(i) u = 0 when x = 0,  $0 \le y \le 1$ ,

(ii) u = 0 when x = 1,  $0 \le y \le 1$ ,

(iii)u = 0 when y = 0,  $0 \le x \le 1$ ,

(iv)u = 4 when y = 1,  $0 \le x \le 1$ .

[11 Marks]

### QUESTION FIVE

(a) What is a partial Integration?

[2 Marks]

(b) Find the general solution of the differential equation T'' + 4T = 0.

[4 Marks]

(c) Solve the differential equation  $\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial y} = \cos(x + y)$  given that  $\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} = 2$  when y = 0, and  $u = y^2$  when x = 0. [9 Marks]

