

NATIONAL OPEN UNIVERSITY OF NIGERIA Plot 91, Cadastral Zone, Nnamdi Azikwe Expressway. Jabi, Abuja

FACULTY OF SCIENCES DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS 2023_2 EXAMINATIONS....

Course Code: MTH341

Course Title: Real Analysis

Credit Unit: 3

Time Allowed: 3 Hours

Instruction: Answer Number One (1) and Any Other Four (4) Questions

1. (a) Let $f(x) = \sin \frac{1}{x}$, $x \neq 0$. Discuss the continuity of f(x) at all x_0 except $x_0 = 0$ (3 marks)

(b) Let $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$, $0 \le x < \infty$. Discuss the continuity of f on $[0, \infty]$

(4 marks)

(c) When do we say;

(i) a function f is continuous at Xo?

(3 marks)

(ii) a function f is continuous from the left at Xo?

(3 marks)

(iii) a function f is continuous from the right at Xo?

(3 marks)

(d) When is

(i) a function f said to be non-decreasing on an interval?

(3 marks)

(ii) a function f said to be monotonic on 1?

(3 marks)

2. Define the following

C.

a. (i) Continuity of a function at a point

(3 marks)

(ii). Continuity of a function at a point

(3 marks)

b. Let $f: R \to R$ be a function defined as $f(x) = x^2 \cos(\frac{1}{x})$ if $x \ne 0$ and f(0) = 0. Find the derivative of f at x = 0, if it exists (3 marks)

Let a function $f:[0,5] \to R$ be defined as $f(x) = \begin{pmatrix} 2x+1, 0 \le x \le 3 \\ x^2-2, 3 \le x \le 5 \end{pmatrix}$

is f derivable at x = 3.

(3 marks)

3. Separate the intervals in which the function f defined on R by

 $f(x) = 2x^3 - 15x^2 + 36x + 5$ for all $x \in R$ is increasing in every interval (4 marks)

b. Let $f:R\to R$ be a continuous function defined on R. Show that

f is differentiable on R.

(4 marks)

d. Show that the function f defined on R by $f(x) = x^3 - 3x^2 + 3x - 5$ for all $x \in R$ is increasing in every interval (4 marks)

4. Discuss the Rolle's Theorem for the function defined by

i.
$$f(x) = x^3 - 6x^2 + 11x - 6$$
 for all $x \in [1,3]$ (6 marks)

ii. $f(x) = (x-a)^m (x-b)^n$ for all $x \in [a,b]$ where m and n are positive integers (6 marks)

5. Let f be the function defined on [-1,2] as f(x) = |x|. Find the derivative of f (6 marks)

b. Find whether or not the hypothesis and conclusion of Langrange's mean value theorem

for the functions defined as
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$$
 for all $x \in [1,4]$ (6 marks)

6. Use Cauchy's mean value theorem to the functions f and g defined as $f(x) = x^2$, g(x) = x

for all
$$x \in [a, b]$$
.

(4 marks)

b. Prove that $\frac{\sin \alpha - \sin \beta}{\cos \beta - \cos \alpha} = \cot \theta$. where $0 < \alpha < \theta < \beta < \frac{\pi}{2}$.

(i) a function f said to be non decreasing on an interval 1?

(4 marks)

(ii) a function f said to be monotonic on I?

(4 marks)