

DEPARTMENT OF JURISPRUDENCE AND INTERNATIONAL LAW FACULTY OF LAW 2023_1 POP EXAMINATION₂₅

COURSE CODE: JIL 819

CREDIT UNI:3

COURSE TITLE: INTERNATIONAL MARITIME LAW 1

INSTRUCTION: ANSWER THREE QUESTION ONLY. QUESTION NO ONE IS

COMPULSORY AND CARRIES 30 MARKS OTHERS 20 MARKS EACH

TIME ALLOWED: 3 Hours

- 1. Article 2 of the United Nations Convention on the Law of the sea 1982 allowed freedom in the use of the High Sea to both Coastal and Landlocked States in respect of maritime activities. Discuss the various freedom of the use of the High Sea by all Nations of the world. Support you answer with statutory authorities.
- 2. The Regime of the contract of carriage of goods by sea allowed for the contract of carriage by International ships across the oceans of the world. Describe the major contracts in the carriage of goods by sea as an important aspect of international maritime law.
- 3. International Law recognized various maritime zones of the waters of the oceans of the world. It is also recognized by United Nations Convention on the Law of the sea (UNCLOS IIII) 1982.
- 4. International Maritime Law regulates maritime activities both within Coastal and International waters for International seagoing Vessels. What are the features of International maritime law and business?
- 5. a. Explain the four pillars of International maritime law in which seagoing vessels that nave registered and also carry International Maritime Organisation number.
 - b. Bill of Lading is one of the most important documents in the carriage of goods by sea. List and discuss five types of bill of lading and the legal character of a bill of lading.