

## NATIONAL OPEN UNIVERSITY OF NIGERIA PLOT 91, CADASTRAL ZONE, NNAMDI AZIKIWE EXPRESSWAY, JABI, ABUJA FACULTY OF MANAGEMENT SCIENCES 2019 2 EXAMINATION

COURSE CODE: BFN 303 CREDIT UNIT: 3

COURSE TITLE: FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

TIME ALLOWED: 2½ Hours

**INSTRUCTIONS:** 1. Attempt question Number one (1) and any other three (3).

2. Question number 1 is compulsory and carries 25 marks, while

the other questions carry 15 marks each

3. Present all your points in coherent and orderly manner

1(a) Discuss briefly five (5) roles of finance manager	5marks
(b) Explain briefly five (5) ways of raising ordinary share	5marks
(c) Explain briefly five (5) uses of cost of capital to a finance manager	5marks
(d) Discuss briefly five (5) features of capital budgeting	5marks
(e) Discus briefly five (5) factors that affect working capital management	5marks

2.

(a) What is Operating Cycle/Working Capital Cycle?

3marks

(b) The information below is in respect of Peters Limited;

2007	2008	2009
N'million	N'million	N'Million
130	240	225
245	312	400
<u>100</u>	_54	<u>23</u>
475	606	648
<u>200</u>	<u>300</u>	<u>450</u>
<u>275</u>	<u>306</u>	<u>198</u>
	1500	1350
	1120	1200
	N'million 130 245 <u>100</u> 475 <u>200</u>	N'million       N'million         130       240         245       312         100       54         475       606         200       300         275       306          1500

## Required; assess the company using;

(a) Inventory turnover time/period(Days)	4marks
(b) The average collection period	4marks
(c) Liquidity Ratio	4marks

3. A project costs N80,000 to initiate. The expected cash-flow is as follows;

Year 1-5 N12,500

6-10 N10,000 11-infinity N 7,500

Given that the cost of capital after inflation rate of  $2\frac{1}{2}$  is 10%, should it be executed?

12marks

b) Give three examples of capital budgeting decisions.

3marks

4(a) Differentiate clearly between merger and acquisition.

3marks

(b) State reasons for merger and acquisition.

7marks

(c) What are the determinants of merger and acquisition?

5marks

5(a) State five (5) assumptions underlying capital structure of a firm.

7½marks

(b) There are two firms 'A' and 'B' which are exactly identical except that A does not use any debt in its financing, while B has N2,500,000, 6% Debentures in its financing. Both the firms have earnings before interest and tax of N75,000 and the equity capitalization rate is 10%. Assuming the corporation tax is 50%, calculate the value of the firm. 7½marks

6. Discuss five ways of dealing with financial risk.

15marks