

FBQ	is a bill of exchange drawn and payable in Nigeria	Inland bill	inland bill		eExam
FBQ	is a specialised form of bill of exchange drawn on a banker and payable on demand	cheque			eExam
FBQ	The cost of containers is not taken into consideration in costing the goods that are sold	returnable			еЕхат
FBQ	containers create no problems to the accountant after sale because in costing the goods, the cost of packaging would have been taken into consideration.	Non-returnable	non- returnable		eExam
FBQ	In the consignor's book, main account will be opened.	three	3		eExam
FBQ	gives a brief description of the goods on consignment and the minimum price at which they could be sold	pro-forma invoice			eExam
FBQ	Goods sent to an agent are usually despatched in bulk and are termed as	consignment	Consignment		eExam
FBQ	is a business activity undertaken jointly by two or more persons that are otherwise independent	joint venture	Joint venture		eExam
FBQ	assets that cannot be touched, although they may have value is called	intangible assets	Intangible assets		eExam
FBQ	Fixed assets that are depreciate through wear and tear are referred to as	wasting assets	Wasting assets		eExam

FBQ	is the financial statement showing the assets, liabilities and owners' equity of an enterprise.	Balance sheet	balance sheet		eExam
FBQ	The cost of transporting goods to the customer is called	carriage outward	Carriage outward		eExam
FBQ	The cost of transporting goods into the company is called	carriage inwards	Carriage inward		еЕхат
FBQ	Goods returned by the customer is called	returns inwards	return inward		eExam
FBQ	Goods returned to the supplier is referred to as	returns outwards	return outward		eExam
FBQ	Goods available for sale at the end of the trading period is called	closing stock	Closing stock		eExam
FBQ	Goods for sale at the beginning of the accounting year is called	opening stock	Opening stock		eExam
FBQ	Goods bought for resale are called	purchases	Purchases		eExam
FBQ	Cost of goods available for sale minus closing stock is equal to	cost of goods sold	Cost of goods sold		eExam
FBQ	Net sales minus cost of goods sold is equal to	Gross profit	gross profit		eExam
FBQ	Sales less returns inwards is equal to	net sales	Net sales		eExam
FBQ	Manufacturing firms include depreciation of plant and machinery or factory building in	The cost of goods produced	the cost of goods produced		еЕхат

FBQ	is concerned with allocating cost of tangible fixed assets, amortization is concerned with intangible fixed assets.	Depreciation	depreciation		еЕхат
FBQ	, requires the annual accounts and balance sheet to reflect a true and fair view of the company's affairs.	Companies and Allied Matters Act (CAMA) 1990			еЕхат
FBQ	is the excess of the current assets over the current liabilities. That is, current assets – current liabilities.	Working Capital	working capital		eExam
FBQ	The main objective of preparing the trading account is to determine	the gross profit or gross loss for the period.			eExam
FBQ	_can be defined as a schedule or list that shows the debit and credit balances extracted from the ledgers, to show the arithmetical accuracy of the ledgers.	Trial Balance	trial balance		еЕхат
FBQ	is the fee paid to a notary public, preferably lawyer to represent dishonoured bill to the acceptor.	Noting Charge	noting charge		eExam
FBQ	of coding tend to be more flexible and are thus more popular.	Numeric systems	numeric system		eExam
FBQ	is an application package in which the accounting modules are integrated so that if data is entered in one module, all other modules affected would be updated either automatically or by the user's command.	Integrated software	integrated software		еЕхат
FBQ	is any system which enables the definition, storage and retrieval of information from discrete files within a system.	Data base management system			еЕхат

FBQ	The intersection of a column and a row is known as	a cell.	A cell		eExam
FBQ	appears on the computer monitor like a flat sheet of paper with columns and rows resembling an analysis sheet.	A spreadsheet	a spreadsheet		eExam
FBQ	When the scrap value is deducted from the original cost of an asset, and the remaining figure divided by the number of years 'useful life' of the asset the method of depreciation used is	Straight Line Method	straight line method		еЕхат
FBQ	The transformation of raw material into finished goods is known as	Manufacturing of goods	manufacturing of goods		eExam
FBQ	In manufacturing Account all element of direct material, labour, expenses and factory overhead are charged to	Manufacturing account	manufacturing account		eExam
FBQ	The aggregate of direct material, direct labour, direct expenses and production overhead cost is called	Production cost	production cost		eExam
FBQ	A Situation where by a firm has no working capital and can not meet its current liabilities is called	overtrading	Overtrading		eExam
FBQ	The amount of the cost of an assets that is allocated to expenses during any accounting period is called	Depreciation	depreciation		eExam
FBQ	Gross profit less expenses is known as	Net profit	net profit		eExam

FBQ	Given the following data: Purchases N4,500, Returns outward N300, Returns inward N150, Carriage outward N830, Carriage inwards N260, Opening stock N935 and Closing stock N 1,000 . The value of the cost of goods sold is	N4295	4295		eExam
FBQ	The double entry required to record Net loss is	Dr. Capital Cr. P&L	debit capital account, credit profit and loss account		eExam
FBQ	Assuming no returns outward or carriage inwards, the cost of goods sold will be equal to	Sales less gross profit			eExam
FBQ	The correct double entry to transfer rent paid for the year to the profit and loss account is	Dr. P&L Cr. Rent	debit profit and loss account, credit rent account		eExam
FBQ	A business operate its petty cash by using the imprest system. At the beginning of the month, the petty cashier was given N1,000 out of which she spent N800. She will be reimbursed with	N800	800		eExam
FBQ	A debit note is a document made out when goods are	undercharged			eExam
FBQ	An item is subject to a 20% trade discount. Its price is N1,000.	N800	800		eExam
FBQ	The purchase of a motor vehicle on credit from Temi Ltd for use in a firm should be recorded as	Dr. Motor vehicle Cr. Temi Ltd.	debit motor vehicle, credit Temi Ltd		eExam
FBQ	The trading profit and loss	income statement	Income statement		eExam

FBQ	comprises different accounting modules such as cashbook sales ledger, purchase ledger, general ledger and payroll.	Accounting package	accounting package		eExam
FBQ	A bill drawn in Nigeria and payable in another country is a	Foreign bill	foreign bill		eExam
FBQ	An unconditional order in writing addressed by one person to another, signed by the person giving it, requiring the person to whom it is addressed to pay on demand or at a fixed future date certain sum of money to the bearer is	Bill of exchange	bill of exchange		eExam
FBQ	Containers used for packaging of goods can be classified into	2	Two		eExam
FBQ	An additional level of layer of material design to protect the primary package is called	Secondary package	secondary package		еЕхат
FBQ	is any printed information which appear on the package of a product to describe the product in it.	Labelling	labelling		eExam
FBQ	Any item that contain goods for the purpose of either preservation or conveyance to an agreed destination is called	Container	container		еЕхат
FBQ	A paper called gives brief description of the goods on consignment and the minimum amount it can be sold.	Pro-forma	pro-forma		eExam
FBQ	A person who send goods in a consignment arrangement is called a	Consignor	consignor		eExam

FBQ	is an arrangement where by goods are sent to an agent who tries to sell them on behalf of the sender on commission basis.	Consignment	consignment		eExam
FBQ	account is an account in which the balance reflect the aggregate balances of many related subsidiary accounts which are part of the double entry system	Control	control		eExam
FBQ	A technique use for the purpose of ascertaining profit in a manufacturing account is called	Market price	market price		еЕхат
FBQ	is a claim by an outsider on the assets of the business	Liability			eExam
FBQ	are merely debit balances not written off, items of expenditure of unusual character which are not recoupable	Fictitious assets	fictitious assets		eExam
FBQ	is the statement that shows the presentation of the summary of assets and liabilities in a well arranged form, so that the financial position may be clearly ascertained	Balance sheet	balance sheet		eExam
FBQ	The book of agreement between parties in a joint venture is	Memorandum of Joint venture			еЕхат
FBQ	When supplier is also a customer, it means has occurred.	contral entry			eExam
FBQ	The capital sum which represents the difference between the assets and liabilities belonging to the members of a society or club is referred to as	accumulated Fund			еЕхат

FBQ	A Non-trading organisation's equivalent of a profit and loss account is called	income and Expenditure account					еЕхат
MCQ	, requires the annual accounts and balance sheet to reflect a true and fair view of the company's affairs.	Companies and Allied Matters Act (CAMA) 1990	Bank and Other Financial Institution Act	Nigeria Accounting Standard Board	Coprate affairs commission	A	еЕхат
MCQ	Manufacturing firms include depreciation of plant and machinery or factory building in	The cost of goods produced	Cost of raw materials available	Prime cost	Profit and loss account	A	еЕхат
MCQ	A system which has inbuilt linkages where there are other records which own numerous member records can best describe database.	spreadsheet	relational	network	hierarchical	D	еЕхат
MCQ	The development of linkage systems with many more record types and linkages can best describe database.	spreadsheet	relational	network	hierarchical	С	eExam
MCQ	Records are represented using table that is made up of rows and columns in database.	spreadsheet	relational	network	hierarchical	В	eExam
MCQ	is a collection or pool of related data which is available for use by any number of application packages.	package	module	database	information	С	eExam
MCQ	An accounting consists of a programme for executing an accounting function.	package	module	database	information	В	eExam
MCQ	A bill becomes an accounting issue only when it has been accepted by the	payee	payer	drawer	drawee	D	eExam
MCQ	is a bill of exchange drawn and payable in Nigeria.	cheque	inland bill	foreign bill	local bill	В	eExam
MCQ	A is a specialised form of bill of exchange drawn on a banker and payable on demand.	cheque	inland bill	foreign bill	local bill	A	еЕхат
MCQ	The cost of containers is not taken into consideration in costing the goods that are sold.	returnable	non- returnable	usable	non-usable	A	eExam
	MCQ MCQ MCQ MCQ MCQ MCQ MCQ MCQ	organisation's equivalent of a profit and loss account is called	a profit and loss account is called Campanies and profit and loss account is called Companies and the annual accounts and balance sheet to reflect a true and fair view of the company's affairs. MCQ	organisation's equivalent of a profit and loss account is called called called the annual accounts and balance sheet to reflect a true and fair view of the company's affairs. MCQ Manufacturing firms include depreciation of plant and machinery or factory building in	organisation's equivalent of a profit and loss account is a profit and loss account and loss account a profit and profit and the annual accounts and blance sheet to reflect a true and fair view of the company's affairs. MCQ Manufacturing firms include depreciation of plant and machinery or factory building in mobility linkages where there are other records which own numerous member records can best describe database. MCQ The development of linkage systems with many more record types and linkages can best describe distabase. MCQ Records are represented using fable that is made up of rows and columns in database. MCQ an accounting pay any number of application packages. MCQ An accounting pay any number of application packages. MCQ An accounting pay any number of application packages. MCQ An accounting swell only when it has been accepted by the form of bill of exchange drawn and payable in Nigeria. MCQ The cost of containers is not taken into consideration in costing the	organisation's equivalent of a profit and loss account is called cocount called cocount is called profit and loss accounts and balance sheet to reflect a the annual accounts and balance sheet to reflect a free annual accounts and balance sheet to reflect a free annual accounts and balance sheet to reflect a free annual accounts and balance sheet to reflect a free annual accounts and balance sheet to reflect a free annual accounts and balance sheet to reflect a free annual accounts and balance sheet to reflect a free annual accounts and balance sheet or reflect and free annual firstitution Act commission MCQ Manufacturing firms include depreciation of plant and machinery of ractory building in	a profit and loss account is called profit and loss account is the annual accounts and balance sheet to reflect a time and fair view of the company's affairs. MCQ Manufacturing firms include depreciation of plant and machinery or factory building in machinery or factory building in machinery or factory and another incompany's affairs. MCQ A system which has inbuilt linkages where there are only a machinery or factory and another records where there are only a machinery or factory and another records where there are only a machinery or factory and another records where there are only a machinery or factory and another the area of the profit of the produced produced profit of the produced produc

MCQ	containers create no problems to the accountant after sale because in costing the goods, the cost of packaging would have been taken into consideration.	returnable	non- returnable	usable	non-usable	В	eExam
MCQ	In the consignor's book, main account will be opened.	two	three	four	five	В	eExam
MCQ	Goods sent to an agent are usually despatched in bulk and are termed as	despatch	consignment	consignee	consignor	В	eExam
MCQ	A is a business activity undertaken jointly by two or more persons that are otherwise independent.	contract	joint venture	partnership	cooperative	В	eExam
MCQ	Given the following data: Purchases N4,500, Returns outward N300, Returns inward N150, Carriage outward N830, Carriage inwards N260, Opening stock N935 and Closing stock N 1,000 . The value of the cost of goods sold is	N4,745	N4,295	N4,395	N4,247	В	eExam
MCQ	The double entry required to record Net loss is :	Dr. P&L , Cr. Capital	Dr. Trading , Cr. Capital	Dr. P&L , Cr. Trading	Dr. Capital , Cr. P&L	D	eExam
MCQ	The characteristic of a current asset will not include	Liquidity	Bought in for sales	change within the accounting year	not bought in for sales	D	eExam
MCQ	Assuming no returns outward or carriage inwards, the cost of goods sold will be equal to	Closing stock less purchases plus opening stock	Sales less gross profit	sales less closing stock	sales plus opening stock less closing stock	В	eExam
MCQ	The correct double entry to transfer rent paid for the year to the profit and loss account is ?	Dr. Rent , Cr. Trading	Dr. P&L , Cr. Rent	Dr. Rent , Cr. P&L	Dr. Trading , Cr. Rent	В	eExam
MCQ	Which of the following entries will be entered in the general ledger?	sold goods on credit	goods purchased and paid in cash	investment made by the owner	purchase goods on credit	С	eExam
MCQ	A business operate its petty cash by using the imprest system. At the beginning of the month, the petty cashier was given N1,000 out of which she spent N800. How much will she be reimbursed?	N200	N800	N1,000	N1,800	В	eExam

MCQ	Which of the following books of original entry should be used to record credit sales?	Sales journal	Sales return journal	Purchase journal	purchases return journal	A	eExam
MCQ	A debit note is a document made out when goods are :	returned	overcharged	sold	undercharged	D	eExam
MCQ	An item is subject to a 20% trade discount. Its price is N1,000. what is the sales price?	N200	N800	N1,000	N1,200	В	eExam
MCQ	The purchase of a motor vehicle on credit from Temi Ltd for use in a firm should be recorded as:	Dr. Maintenance of vehicle expenses Cr. Temi Ltd	Dr. Purchases , Cr. Temi Ltd	Dr. Motor vehicle, Cr. Temi Ltd.	Dr. Motor vehicle, Cr. Cash	C	eExam
MCQ	Which of the following concept use the rule "every transaction affects two or more ledger accounts.	going concern	Double entry bookkeeping	money measurement	periodicity	В	eExam
MCQ	A T- account shows a credit balance of N800 in the bank account and debit balance of N800 in the advertising expenses. Which of the following statement describes information given in accounts?	N800 was paid on advertising	Advertising shows a decrease of N800	Bank shows an increase of N800	Bank deposit amounted to N800	A	eExam
MCQ	Balogun bought furniture on credit from Dr Idrisu. which of the following journal entries will be made for this transaction in Balogun's book?	Dr. Furniture, Cr. Cash	Dr. Purchases , Cr. Balogun	Dr. Balogun, Cr.Purchases	Dr. Furniture , Cr. Dr Idrisu	D	eExam
MCQ	Which of the following items are used to prepare a balance sheet? (i)the name of the firm (ii)the name of the financial statement (iii)the date it is being prepared (iv)the style for the preparation of the statement	i and ii	i and iv	i, ii and iii	i, ii and iv	С	eExam
MCQ	Which of the following is an element of the accounting equation? (i)assets (ii)liabilities (iii)trial balance (iv)capital	i, ii, and iii	i, ii and iv	i,iii and iv	ii,iii and iv	В	eExam
MCQ	The trading profit and loss account is also called	balance sheet	cash flow statement	income statement	trial balance	С	eExam
MCQ	One of the detailed rule used to record business transactions is	Objectivity	accruals	double entry bookkeeping	going concern	A	eExam

MCQ	Which of the following principles assumes that a business will continue for a long time?	historical cost	periodicity	objectivity	going concern	D	eExam
MCQ	Which of the following describes the practical frame work of bookkeeping?	classifying, recording and summarizing	reporting, analysing and interpreting	classifying, analysing and interpreting	recording, summarizing and reporting	A	eExam
MCQ	Manufacturing firms include depreciation of plant and machinery or factory building in	The cost of goods produced	Cost of raw materials available	Prime cost	Profit and loss account	A	eExam
MCQ	An organization can dispose off its fixed assets by either of the following except:	Selling it for cash	Exchanging it for a similar asset or for a similar asset	Discarding the asset	exchanging it for treasury bills	D	eExam
MCQ	is concerned with allocating cost of tangible fixed assets, amortization is concerned with intangible fixed assets.	Depreciation	Amortisation	Depiction	Allocation	Α	еЕхат
MCQ	, requires the annual accounts and balance sheet to reflect a true and fair view of the company's affairs.	Companies and Allied Matters Act (CAMA) 1990	Bank and Other Financial Institution Act	Nigeria Accounting Standard Board	Coprate affairs commission	A	еЕхат
MCQ	is the excess of the current assets over the current liabilities. That is, current assets – current liabilities.	Working Capital	Net Assets	Capital	Long-term capital	A	eExam
MCQ	The main objective of preparing the trading account is to determine	the number of goods sold	the gross profit or gross loss for the period.	to determine the expenses incured	to estimate the directors fee for the period	В	еЕхат
MCQ	can be defined as a schedule or list that shows the debit and credit balances extracted from the ledgers, to show the arithmetical accuracy of the ledgers.	Trial Balance	Profit and loss account	Balance sheet	Control Account	A	eExam
MCQ	is the fee paid to a notary public, preferably lawyer to represent dishonoured bill to the acceptor.	Noting Charge	Legal charge	Default charge	Liability charge	A	eExam
MCQ	of coding tend to be more flexible and are thus more popular.	Numeric systems	Alphabetical	Alphanumeric	Binary	A	eExam

MCQ	is an application package in which the accounting modules are integrated so that if data is entered in one module, all other modules affected would be updated either automatically or by the user's command.	Integrated software	Stand alone module	Data base	Application Software	A	еЕхат
MCQ	system which enables the definition, storage and retrieval of information from discrete files within a system.	Data base management system	Computerised system	Executive system	Strategic system	A	eExam
MCQ	The intersection of a column and a row is known as	Lines	Graphical lines	Vertical lines	a cell.	D	eExam
MCQ	appears on the computer monitor like a flat sheet of paper with columns and rows resembling an analysis sheet.	A spreadsheet	Microsoft Word	Microsoft PowerPoint	Microsoft Notepad	A	eExam
MCQ	The invariable result of double entry bookkeeping is that	"the sum of the debits is equals to the sum of the credits"	it makes the books of account more attractive	it shows the importance of accountants in organisations	it waste time and energy	A	eExam
MCQ	When the scrap value is deducted from the original cost of an asset, and the remaining figure divided by the number of years 'useful life' of the asset the method of depreciation used is	Straight Line Method	Sum of the Year Digit Method	Sinking Fund Method	Diminishing or Reducing Balance Method	A	eExam
MCQ	The Ghana National Accounting Standards (GNAS 10) defines depreciation as:	the process of recognizing the loss in the value of fixed assets.	"the allocation of the depreciable amount of an asset over its estimated useful life".	"represents an estimate of the portion of the historical cost or revalued amount of a fixed asset chargeable against operations during an accounting period".	an accrual technique, which matches the cost of a fixed asset with the benefits, which are derivable from the asset	В	eExam
MCQ	In a non trading organisation, the following accounts are prepared except	Receipt and payment account	Income and expenditure account	Balance sheet	Profit and loss account	D	eExam

MCQ	Which of these is not a method of depreciation?	Straight line method	Reducing balance method	Sum of digit method	High-low method	D	eExam
MCQ	The amount of depreciation to be charged to the final account is determined by three of these factors except	Historical cost of the assets	Estimated life of the assets	Estimated scrap value of the assets	The producer and country of production of the assets	D	eExam
MCQ	All these are types of reserve except	General Reserve	Capital Reserve	Share premium Reserve	Royalties Reserve	D	eExam
MCQ	The transformation of raw material into finished goods is known as	Batch processing	Job processing	Manufacturing of goods	Mining process	С	eExam
MCQ	Which of the following cannot be regarded as an account?	Balance sheet	Trading account	Profit and Loss	Manufacturing account	A	eExam
MCQ	Which of the following formats is used for the preparation of financial statements? (i)Vertical method (ii)Horizontal method (iii) Diagonal method (iv)T-method	i and ii	i and iii	ii and iv	i and iv	D	eExam
MCQ	In manufacturing Account all element of direct material, labour, expenses and factory overhead are charged to:	Manufacturing account	Profit & Loss account	Balance sheet	Value added statement	Α	eExam
MCQ	The aggregate of direct material, direct labour, direct expenses and production overhead cost is called	Total cost	Prime cost	Production cost	Non of the above	С	eExam
MCQ	In manufacturing accounts, prime cost is derived by the aggregate of the underlisted except	Direct material	Production overhead	Direct labour	Direct expenses	В	eExam
MCQ	The following are the causes of depreciation except	Physical deterioration	Wear and tear	Obsolescence	Theft	D	eExam
MCQ	The correct accounting equation is	Assets=Liabilities+ Equity	Assets = Liabilities - Equity	Equity = Assets + Liabilities	Liabilities = Equity + Assets	A	eExam
MCQ	A Situation whereby a firm has no working capital and cannot meet its current liabilities is called	Under trading	overtrading	Working capital management	Liquidation	В	eExam
MCQ	Which of the following will not be classified as an intangible assets?	Patent	A coal mine	Goodwill	Franchise	В	eExam

MCQ	A company owns an assets that had an original cost of N65,000. The assets had an estimated useful life of 12years and an estimated salvage value of N5,000. the company uses the straight line method of depreciation. After 7 years, the company sells the asset for N23,000. What is the gain or loss?	N3,000 Loss	N3,000 Gain	N2,000 Loss	N2,000 Gain	С	eExam
MCQ	The amount of the cost of an assets that is allocated to expenses during any accounting period is called	Wasting expenses	Wear and tear	Depreciation	Usage expenses	С	eExam
MCQ	Which of the following would be classified as a long-term operational assets?	Delivery truck	Preferred stock	Cash	Inventory	A	eExam
MCQ	Which of the following statement does not help to describe fixed assets?	They cannot be seen or touched although they may have value	It must have relatively long life (more than one 1 year)	It is permanent in nature and used by a business in its operation	These assets are held with the main aim of creating revenue and not for the purpose of sales	A	eExam
MCQ	Which of the following will not appear in the trial balance as a debit balance?	Return outward	Return inward	Discount allowed	Provision for depreciation	A	еЕхат
MCQ	Which of the following will not appear on the P&L account?	Discount received	Discount allowed	Return inward	Interest received	С	eExam
MCQ	The cost of delivery of goods to the firm will be treated as:	Carriage outwards - debited to the P&L account	Carriage inwards-debited to Trading account	Carriage inwards - credited to Trading account	Non of the above	В	eExam
MCQ	Which of the following cannot appear on the Balance sheet?	Drawings	Carriage inwards	Stock at the end of the year.	Creditors	В	eExam
MCQ	Gross profit less expenses is known as :	Retained earnings	Net profit	Net loss	Earnings per share	В	eExam
MCQ	Given the following data: Purchases N4,500, Returns outward N300, Returns inward N150, Carriage outward N830, Carriage inwards N260, Opening stock N935 and Closing stock N 1,000 . The value of the cost of goods sold is:	N4,745	N4,295	N4,395	N4,247	В	eExam

7/19/2017 Untitled Document

Showing 1 to 150 of 150 entries

Previous	1	Next
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