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	Question Type	Question	11	A 11	В ↓↑	С
	FBQ	Five dices are tossed together from this experiment	is total number of outcome expected	7776		
	FBQ	The number of admitted Nursing students of NOU		10	Ten	
		is the range of the ac	dmitted Nurses in five states			
	FBQ	The lowest score in ungrouped data is the		minimum value		
	FBQ	Fifty Biology students were asked how often they They gave the following responses as represente number of students a		20	Twenty	
	FBQ	The highest score in ungrouped data is the		maximum value		
	FBQ	It is important to note that manpower requirement factors such as	t varies from hospital to hospital depending on	strike	salary	
	FBQ	NPI has the responsibility to effectively control house immunization	through house to	polio	poliomyelitis	
	FBQ	The difference between the largest and smallest s	scores of ungrouped data is the	Range		
	FBQ	Simple random sampling is an example of	techniques	sample	sampling	
	FBQ	NPI is a parastatal under		FMOH	Federal ministry of health	
	FBQ	_is a repetitive activi	ty carried out for an expected result	Experiment		
	FBQ	The number of admitted Nursing students of NOL [28,35,25,30,27,45,30,22,40,30]. The mean of ad		31.2		
	FBQ	If two dices are tossed together, the probability of	having a multiple of 30 is	08/01/2012 00:00:00		
	FBQ	If two dices are tossed, the probability of having s	sum of 7 is	06/01/2012 00:00:00		
	FBQ	The mode of the following data; [6, 5,20,4,10,12,7	14, 10] is	10		
	FBQ	The median of the following data:[7,3,10,6,4,10,1	0] is	7		
	FBQ	Write out the full meaning of USAID		United States Agency for International Development		

FBQ	Write out the full meaning of NHMIS	Nigerian Health Management Information System
FBQ	Write out the full meaning of CHAN	Christian Health Association of Nigeria
FBQ	Write out the full meaning of CDC	Centre for disease control
FBQ	Write out the full meaning of EPI	Expanded programme on immunization
FBQ	The main goal of any research is to discover answers to questions through the application of procedures	scientific
FBQ	is a government data collection system in which the demographic and socio-economic characteristics of all or a part of the population are continuously recorded	civil register
FBQ	A single member of a population is referred to as	element
FBQ	In Nigeria, the first census of the colony of was taken in 1866	Lagos
FBQ	The 1787 constitution made provision for a national census every 10 years	American
FBQ	Hemoglobin is one of the five variables measured in	physiology
FBQ	Probability is not the of possibility of an event	degree
FBQ	Descriptive measurement obtained from a whole population is termed as	parameter
FBQ	Periodicity and universality are important characteristics of	census
FBQ	The mode is the observation with the frequency in a series of observations	highest
FBQ	Descriptive statistics is important in preliminary analysis of data prior to the use of more rigorous analysis	statistical
FBQ	Age is an example of variables	discrete
FBQ	The type of questions and the ways questions are asked depend on the type of being carried out	research
FBQ	There are three main sources of data collection: observations,interviews and	documentary
FBQ	The method of collection depends on the nature of the research being undertaken	data
FBQ	Demographers and other social scientists often use surveys to acquire information about a segment of apopulation	sample
FBQ	It is expensive and time to interview everyone in a country	consuming

FBQ	A group of twenty (31) post graduate students sat for the second semester examination and scored the following marks in biostatistics: 57,57,52,56,54,58,34,57,54,44,57,61,21,36,57,45,47,38,48,51,60,61,65,51,75,58,54,51,45,25,56 is the mode of the data	57
FBQ	A group of twenty (31) post graduate students sat for the second semester examination and scored the following marks in biostatistics: 52,56,54,58,34,57,54,44,57,61,21,36,57,45,47,38,48,51,60,61,65,51,75,58,54,51,45,25,56 is the range of the data	54
FBQ	The goal of experimental study is to establish some sort of between two or more variables	relationship
FBQ	A variable that changes in response is a variable	dependent
FBQ	A variable which is postulated as a necessary or causal factor in a given relation is termed _variable	independent
FBQ	The word "census" originated from the Latin word meaning to "value or tax"	censere
FBQ	(Standard deviation X 100)/ arithmatic mean is the formular for	Coefficient of relative variation
FBQ	Bar chart is a sample of chart (population)	statistical
FBQ	Provision of primary, secondary and tertiary care facilities is one of the four common areas of emphasis by past health plans	health
FBQ	Five variables measured in physiology are: hemoglobin, life span of red blood cells, and pulse rate of an elderly woman, blood pressure of an adult man, normal body temperature of a child and	radiography
FBQ	The goal of NIGEP is to eradicate disease year 1995	Ginea worm
FBQ	A sample is referred to as a fractional part / sub-set of the entire	population
FBQ	Application of science of statistics to solve various problems is known as Biostatistics.	Medical/Health
FBQ	The word HEALTH can be written in number of ways	720
FBQ	If four coins and a die are flipped in succession, then the number of possible outcomes is	96
FBQ	The square of standard deviation is referred to as	Variance
FBQ	data is a firsthand data collected from the source by the researcher e.g. Questionnaire, information, data from observation or interviewers	Primary
FBQ	_is a selection of n distinct objects without regard to order	Combination
FBQ	If Seven Doctors assembled for a meeting, shake hands with one another, number of handshakes take place	5040
FBQ	_is a part of the sample space,it is any possible subset of the sample space	event
FBQ	An outcome is the possible results of an	experiment
FBQ	A is the total collection of all the possible outcomes of an experiment	Sample space

MCQ	In Nigeria, the first census of the colony of Lagos was taken in	1666	1766	1866
MCQ	One of the following is a probability sample	quota	purposive	accidental
MCQ	An essential part of the technical process in the statistical analysis of data includes all of the following except	decoration	fixation	tubulation
MCQ	The 1787 American constitution made provision for a national census every	20 years	10 years	6 years
MCQ	Out of 1000 families with 4 children each, how many would you expect to have at least 1 boy, given that the probability of a female birth is 0.5	520	840	938
MCQ	Fifty Biology students were asked how often they attended the staff clinic during the last year. They gave the following responses as represented in table 1. How many of the students attended the clinic only twice ?	16	17	20
MCQ	the following are some of the problems that militate against accurate census except	attitudinal	organizational	experimenta
MCQ	Problems of experimental survey include all but one of the following	illness	before-after	changes
MCQ	is the technical procedure by which data are categorized	summation	collection	naming
MCQ	All of the following are examples of graphs except	pie chart	cumulative frequency polygon	none of the above
MCQ	Find the median of the following data;6,5,20,4,10,12.	1	4	6
MCQ	find the median of the following data:[7,3,10,6,4].	1	4	6
MCQ	Probability is the degree of possibility of an event.	Not sure	1	none of the above
MCQ	Descriptive measurement obtained from a whole population is termed as.	statistic	sample	quota
MCQ	As a result of reformation and restructuring, the then EPI was renamed as.	USAID	NPI	CDC
MCQ	The five key resources of an organization includes the following except.	Manpower	Material	Money
MCQ	Diphthcria, Pertusis and Tetanus diseases are prevented with the use of a Vaccine called.	DPT	RIV	OPV
MCQ	Manpower planning should form an integral part of five organizational structures.	1	not sure	either TRUE OR FALSE
MCQ	the difference between Largest and Lowest values on a set of observation is called .	range	variance	group
MCQ	The following are graphical presentations except.	histogram	tabular	pie chart
MCQ	NPI has the responsibility to effectively control through immunization and provision of vaccines the occurrence of the following diseases except	Tuberculosis	poliomyelitis	Tetanus
MCQ	NPI is a parastatal under .	EPI	none of the above	LGA
MCQ	In all aspects of health manpower planning the following are essential resources except.	Funds	Personnel in right quality and quantity	constant information flow and reliable biostatistics
MCQ	It is important to note that manpower requirement varies from hospital to hospital depending on factors such as:.	Geographical location	Intensity of acute care	striking Doctors

MCQ	According to WHO recommended standards and the projected population worked out in the following mathematical formula. The desired type of staff to population and determined by population base e.g. One Nurse to 2000 people in a population of 2,000,000 people will translate tonumber of Nurses.	1000	2000	3000
MCQ	The number of admitted Nursing students of NOUN in five states are 28, 35,25,30,27. What is the range of the admitted Nurses in five states?	5	11	2
MCQ	The number of admitted Nursing students of NOUN in five states are 28, 35,25,30,27. Find the mean of admitted Nursing students in the five states.	30	25	40
MCQ	Two dices are tossed together, what is the probability of having a multiple of 12.	03/01/2012 00:00:00	09/01/2012 00:00:00	03/02/2012 00:00:00
MCQ	Two dices are tossed, what is the probability of having sum of 5.	02/01/2012 00:00:00	03/01/2012 00:00:00	09/01/2012 00:00:00
MCQ	The following are sample techniques except	Simple random	Systematic random	descriptive
MCQ	Advantages of interview include all but one of the following.	can be used with all segments of the population	yields a better sample of the general population	yields a higher return compared to mail questionnair
MCQ	The main goal of any research is to discover answers to questions through the application of scientific procedures.	1	not sure	all of the above
MCQ	is a government data collection system in which the demographic and socio- economic characteristics of all or a part of the population are continuously recorded.	civil register	statistics	data system
MCQ	One of these is an attitudinal problem encountered during census operations.	Poor logistics	Politicization of census operations which often lead to double counting and over enumeration	Lack of up to date maps
MCQ	The basic statistics normally obtained in a complete census are the following except .	age	sex	education
MCQ	Twenty students obtained the following marks in an examination: 60,69,56,75,57,65,54,51,47,65,45,38,61,44,36,48,54,25,33,37. Calculate the mode .	51/57	56/57	51/54
MCQ	Twenty students obtained the following marks in an examination: 60,69,56,75,57,65,54,51,47,65,45,38,61,44,36,48,54,25,33,37 Calculate median score.	52.5	53.5	54.5
MCQ	Twenty students obtained the following marks in an examination: 60,69,56,75,57,65,54,51,47,65,45,38,61,44,36,48,54,25,33,37. Calculate the mean score.	50	51	52
MCQ	Advantages of questionnaire include all but one of the following:.	It can be sent through mail	It is impersonal	Requires les skill to administer than an interview
MCQ	The United Nations recommend that census should seek all but one of the following information.	Fertility	Age, sex, marital status	III-health
MCQ	All but one of the following are examples of graphs.	bar charts	histogram	pie chart
MCQ	Range, interquartile range, variance, standard daviation and co-efficient of relative variation are all examples of what.	measures of central tendency	measures of variability	measures of averages
MCQ	An essential part of the technical process in the statistical analysis of data .	tubulation	tabulation	fixation

MCQ	is the technical procedure by which data are categorized.	coding	naming	collection
MCQ	One of the following is a probability sample.	quota	accidental	Cluster
MCQ	A single member of a population is referred to as.	population element	population helment	population study
MCQ	Problems of experimental survey include all but one of the following.	illness	refuse further participation	before-after
MCQ	Some of the problems that militate against accurate census are the following except.	organizational	experimental	attitudinal
MCQ	In Nigeria, the first census of the colony of Lagos was taken in .	1766	1866	1966
MCQ	The 1787 American constitution made provision for a national census every.	5years	6years	10years
MCQ	The first modern census that is, a continuing complete count taken accurately at regular intervals began in	Sweden in 1749	Sweden in 1769	Norway and Denmark in 1749
MCQ	The United Nations recommends that the census should seek the following information except	Age	Nationality	Sex
MCQ	In census, the approach whereby each individual is counted at the place he is found at the time of the census is called	de jure	de facto	de jury
MCQ	Coefficient of variation is	9Arithmetic mean X 100)/Standard Deviation	(Standard mean X 100)/Arithmetic Deviation	9Variance X 100)/Standar Deviation
MCQ	The scores of 5 students in an examination are: 6, 5, 8, 7 and 4. Find the standard deviation	sqt. of 2	sqt. of 3	sqt. of 2.5
MCQ	The scores of 5 students in an examination are: 6, 5, 8, 7 and 4. Find the variance	2	3	2.5
MCQ	The difference between the largest and smallest scores of ungrouped data is the	range	median	mode
MCQ	All qualitative variables are measured on scale	ordinal	norminal	interval
MCQ	The two types of statistics are	Numerical and symbolic statistics	Random and stratified statistics	Descriptive and inferenti statistics
MCQ	The scientific method for collection, summarization, presentation, analysis and interpretation of data is called	Biostatistics	Chemical Pathology	Investigation

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