

FBQ	products generally involve high value purchases and competitive bidding based on price competition.	Industrial				eExam
FBQ	_are major capital items that form the main assets of the production firms.	Installations				eExam
FBQ	form the major parts of the finished items.	Raw materials				eExam
FBQ	There arenumber of participants in the buying process.	Four	4			eExam
FBQ	is the part of the buying merchandise which is resold in the same form without physical changes made on them.	Buying for resale				eExam
FBQ	_is used to refer to the various intermediaries who help in moving the product from the producer to the consumer.	Channels of distribution				eExam
FBQ	concept holds that a pure marketing concept overlooks possible conflicts between short-run consumer wants and long- run consumer welfare	Societal marketing				eExam
FBQ	is the statistical study of human population and its distribution characteristics.	Demography				eExam
FBQ	Product planning and development are part of the function in marketing.	Merchandising				eExam
FBQ	is concerned with setting certain standards/ levels to accomplish the produced goods.	Standardization				eExam
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FBQ	Marketing Finance, Risk-bearing and Market Information are all part of the function.	Auxiliary			еЕхат
FBQ	Most new and recently introduced goods can be classified asgoods.	Unsought			eExam
FBQ	are types of industrial goods that form part of finished items such as shirts, radio and batteries for cars.	Semi-processed components			eExam
FBQ	_are the people/devices that inform, persuade and stimulate the buyer at any point of the buying process.	Influencers			eExam
FBQ	_decides on the level of stock to hold and the quantity to buy and which stores will carry various lines.	Merchandiser			eExam
FBQ	are in charge of transfer of ownership on the channel of distribution.	Agent middlemen			eExam
FBQ	Marketing channels can be described by the number of involved.	Channel levels			eExam
FBQ	The agent middlemen that are usually large institutions with marketing facilities are called	Selling agents			eExam
FBQ	_take physical possession of the goods they trade with.	Commission merchants			eExam
FBQ	_most times specialize in negotiating sales for specialized goods and seasonal products that do not require constant distribution.	Brokers			eExam

FBQ	_are merchant middlemen that take title to the goods they sold.	Wholesalers			eExam
FBQ	_is one of the oldest marketing philosophies/concepts that guide's sellers.	Production			eExam
FBQ	goods are bought by final consumers for personal consumption.	Consumer			eExam
FBQ	A variety of indirect indicators of benefits are often used to describe	Segments			eExam
FBQ	Ultimate consumers buy goods or services for their own personal or household use, and are satisfied strictly nonwants.	Business			eExam
FBQ	behaviour is hardly traceable to only one characteristic.	Buying			eExam
FBQ	segmentation calls for dividing the market into different geographical units such as countries, regions, states, local government areas, cities, towns or neighbourhoods.	Geographic			eExam
FBQ	Marketers use demographic segmentation when they market on the basis of about the size, composition, and distribution of and education. population, including age, race etc	Information			еЕхат
FBQ	-styles relates to activities, interests, and opinions.	Life			eExam

FBQ	segmentation, buyers are divided into groups on the basis of their knowledge of, attitude toward, use of, or response to a product.	Behavioural	eExam
FBQ	An attitude is a learned to respond to an object or class of objects in a consistently favourable or unfavourable way	Predisposition	eExam
FBQ	is the only element in the marketing mix that produces revenue.	Product	eExam
FBQ	have a number of distinctive characteristics, which create special marketing challenges and opportunities	Services	еЕхат
FBQ	marketing is the use of marketing principles for or within sports related environments.	Sport	eExam
FBQ	marketing, also known as internet marketing, web marketing or e-marketing is the marketing or promotion of products or services using the internet as a medium.	On-line On-line	еЕхат
FBQ	is the study of individuals, groups, or organizations and the processes they use to select, secure, use, and dispose of products, services, experiences, or ideas to satisfy their needs and wants.	Consumer pehaviour	еЕхат
FBQ	involves getting ideas across to consumers rather than selling something.	Social marketing	еЕхат
FBQ	are firms that help the company to promote, sell and distribute its goods to final buyers.	Marketing ntermediaries	еЕхат

FBQ	are the factors that affect consumer buying power and spending patterns.	Economic environment			еЕхат
FBQ	involves the natural resources that are needed as inputs by marketers or that are affected by marketing activities	Natural environment			eExam
FBQ	is the difference between the values the customer gains from owning and using a product and the costs of obtaining the product.	Customer value			eExam
FBQ	marketing is the process of creating, maintaining and enhancing string, valueladen relationships with customers and other stakeholders	Relationship			eExam
FBQ	is a set of actual and potential buyers of a product or service	Market			eExam
FBQ	is a trade between two parties that involves at least two things of value, agreed- upon conditions, a time of agreement, and a place of agreement.	Transaction			eExam
FBQ	The hard task of selecting an overall company strategy for long-run survival and growth is called	Strategic planning			eExam
FBQ	is the process of evaluating each market segment's attractiveness and selecting one or more segments to enter.	Market targeting			eExam
FBQ	is the arranging for a product to occupy a clear, distinctive, and desirable place relative to competing products in the minds of target consumers.	Marketing positioning			eExam

FBQ	is a set of controllable tactical marketing tools-product, price, place and promotion- that the firm blends to produce the response it wants in the target market.	Marketing mix					eExam
FBQ	is the opening section of the marketing plan that presents a short summary of the main goals and recommendations to be presented in the plan	Executive summary					eExam
FBQ	is the marketing logic by which the business unit hopes to achieve its marketing objective	Marketing strategy					eExam
FBQ	are those forces close to the company that affect its ability to serve its customers-the company, market channel firms, customer markets, competitors and public.	Microenvironment					eExam
MCQ	The following are the part of the four main pillars of the marketing concept, except;	Market focus	Profitability	Customer Orientation	Environmental scanning	D	eExam
MCQ	The social approach focuses on the created by various marketing activities and institutions.	Market shares	Money	Product obsolescence	Social contribution and costs	D	eExam
MCQ	Marketing evolves from this last approach to acquiring products i.e	Price	Cost	Sales	Exchange	D	eExam
MCQ	behaviour is hardly traceable to only one characteristic.	Buying	Selling	Trade	Marketing	А	еЕхат
MCQ	Ultimate consumers buy goods or services for their own personal or household use, and are satisfied strictly nonwants.	Business	Commerce	Trade	Selling	С	eExam
MCQ	The following are the main interests of managerial marketers, except;	Market analysis	Direct selling	Implementation	Planning	В	eExam

MCQ	There are important differences between ultimateand industrial users, their ways and means of purchasing differs considerably.	Consumers	Customer	Clients	Investors	A	eExam
MCQ	Marketing research is the first step taken by any before investing his money in business	Investor	Entrepreneur	Broker	None of the above	В	eExam
MCQ	decisions are strongly affected by developments in the political and legal environment.	Marketing	Operational	Administrative	All of the above	A	eExam
MCQ	There are distinct product life cycle stages:	Five	Three	Four	Six	С	eExam
MCQ	Research is necessary but a lot ofare reluctant to engage in international research	Brokers	Managers	Investors	All of the above	С	eExam
MCQ	One major objective of international research is to discover new opportunities.	Local market	Foreign market	Product	None of the above	В	eExam
MCQ	Insegmentation, buyers are divided into groups on the basis of their knowledge of, attitude toward, use of, or response to a product.	Behavioural	Demographic	Psychographic	Socio- economic	Α	eExam
MCQ	defined marketing as a total system of business activities designed to plan, price, promote and distribute want-satisfying goods and services to present and potential customers	Kotler, 1984	American Marketing Association	Stanton, 1964	Cundiff and Still, 1964	С	eExam
MCQ	is the only element in the marketing mix that produces revenue.	Price	Place	Product	Promotion	С	eExam
MCQ	The concept rests on four main pillars	Marketing	Product	Business policy	Price	А	eExam
MCQ	Kotler (1984) states that for exchange to take place, it must satisfy number of conditions	Six	Four	Nine	Five	D	eExam

MCQ	marketing involves the launch of the new product in one or a few geographical areas chosen to representative of its intended market.	Focus group	Test	Direct	None of the above	В	eExam
MCQ	Financing is made up of a number of known as marketing functions.	Stages	Activities	Categories	None of the above	В	eExam
MCQ	Marketing is also concerned with productand design since a product must suit the needs and wants of the consumer.	Planning	Plan	Identification	Idea	A	eExam
MCQ	marketing planning in an organization leads to the preparation of an annual marketing plan	Strategic	Structure	Techniques	Methods	A	eExam
MCQ	A company's marketing often operates within the framework of forces, which constitutes the system's environment	Scanning	System	Service	Structure	В	eExam
MCQ	The planning process rests on two important concepts.	Techniques	Strategic	Methods	Structure	В	eExam
MCQ	Strategic planning looks beyond immediate circumstances, trying to market conditions five or ten years into the future.	Forecast	Show	Project	All of the above	D	eExam
MCQ	Every move a marketer makes is affected by and has some effects on his	Production activities	Target markets	Natural environment	Marketing environment	D	eExam
MCQ	An organization is said to face full-demand when it is pleased with its	Quality of products	Prices of the products	Amount of business	Middlemen	С	eExam
MCQ	When a situation of no demand exists, the target consumers are	Indifferent to the product	Indifferent to the prices	Indifferent to the quality	Indifferent to packages	A	eExam
MCQ	A market is said to be in a state of negative demand if a major part of the market	Likes the product	Dislikes the product	Over- concentrated	Attracts less buyers	В	eExam
MCQ	The Auxiliary function of marketing includes the following except one;	Market Information	Transportation	Risk bearing	Market finance	В	eExam
MCQ	Merchandising function of marketing include the followings except;	Storage	Selling	Buying and assembling	Standardization and grading	A	eExam

MCQ	Marketing functions are often performed by the	Prospective buyers	Potential buyers	Middlemen	Advertisers	С	eExam
MCQ	Marketing manager demand for the company's product	Compelled	Advertised	Forced	Stimulate	D	eExam
MCQ	Marketing is made up of a number of activities known as	Primary function	Marketing function	Secondary function	Management function	В	eExam
MCQ	Customer satisfaction is the extent to which a product's perceived performance matches a	Producer's expectation	Consumer's expectation	Designer's expectation	Buyer's expectation	D	eExam
MCQ	are wants for specific products that are backed up by purchasing power	Purchases	Goods	Demands	Services	С	eExam
MCQ	A is a state of felt derivation of some basic satisfaction	Human need	Societal need	Woman need	Market need	А	eExam
MCQ	It has been reported that "get people to buy things don't want'	Manufacturers	Retailers	Marketers	Salespersons	В	eExam
MCQ	is the business process by which products are matched with markets and through which transfer of ownership are effected	Venture capitalism	Marketing	Small business	None of the above	В	eExam
MCQ	In an economy of plenty, most people have to satisfy their material wants through	Outside sources	Direct suply	Company's representatives	Middlemen	A	eExam
MCQ	In the early stage of the society's economic development, marketing problem focuses on	Mass Production	Few production	Physical production	Aggressive advertising	С	eExam
MCQ	Which of these is a component of any economic systems?	Production	Consumption	Marketing	Services	D	eExam
MCQ	There are number of approaches to studying marketing	Four	Six	Five	Three	С	eExam
MCQ	Theapproach focuses on particular commodities and classes of products, to determine how they are produced and distributed to intermediate and ultimate consumers.	Institutional	Functional	Commodity	Social	С	eExam
MCQ	are goods bought by the final consumers for personal consumption.	Industrial	Customer	Agricultural	Consumer	D	eExam

MCQ	The approach focuses on the nature and dynamics of various marketing functions, such as buying, selling, storing, financing, and promoting.	Institutional	Social	Functional	Managerial	С	еЕхат
MCQ	The concept holds that consumers will value products that are available and highly affordable, and that management therefore should focus on improving production and distribution, efficiently.	Product	Production	Marketing	Societal Marketing	В	eExam
MCQ	There are types of marketing management philosophies	Six	Five	Three	Four	В	eExam
MCQ	When demand for a product exceeds the supply, philosophical concept is applicable.	Societal marketing	Production	Selling	Marketing	В	eExam
MCQ	Theconcept is another common approach adopted by some firms in penetrating their target markets.	Production	Pricing	Selling	Distribution	С	еЕхат
MCQ	The selling concept is practiced aggressively with goods	Unsought	Sought	Luxury	All of the above	A	eExam
MCQ	The of a country determines the inflow and outflow of goods and services.	Government	GDP	Economic system	None of the above	С	eExam
MCQ	Stanton (1981) stated that is the most pervasive macroeconomic element that affects marketing.	Technology	Culture	Factor of economic growth	All of the above	A	еЕхат
MCQ	The following are socio- cultural variables that affect marketing, except;	Religious beliefs	Societal festivals	Technological trends	All of the above	С	eExam
MCQ	The following are the three main purposes of business legislation, except;	to protect companies from unfair competition	To protect companies from harmful environmental factors	to protect the interests of society from unbridled business behaviour.	to protect consumers from unfair business practices	В	eExam
MCQ	Macro-environmental factors are also known as factors	Uncontrollable	Controllable	Adaptive	All of the above	А	eExam
MCQ	is a tool used by companies to stimulate or arouse consumers' demand for the products to be sold.	Advertising	Promotion	Direct selling	Public relations	В	eExam

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MCQ	starts with idea generation, idea screening and development of a prototype product.	Product grading	Product development	Product planning	None of the above	С	еЕхат
MCQ	is concerned with setting certain standards / levels to accomplish the produced goods.	Standardization and grading	Product development and planning	Adaptaton	All of the above	A	eExam
MCQ	relates to necessary information about the markets, the target consumers in terms of their purchasing power, taste, color, choices, competition and their products.	Market information gathering	Market research	Environmental scanning	All of the above	A	eExam
MCQ	level of product consists of all the possible augmentations and transformations the product may undergo in the future;	Expected product	Potential product	Basic product	Augumented product	В	eExam