

☒ eExam Question Bank

Coursecode:

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<input type="checkbox"/>	Question Type	Question	A	B	C	D	Answer	Remark
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The most important aspect of a social research is <input type="text"/>	Measurement					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The most commonly used method of gathering in Researches is <input type="text"/>	In-dept interview					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Interview can be classified into <input type="text"/>	Two					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	An alternative method of collection of data for research is <input type="text"/>	Interview					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The question that only apply to some respondents that must include clear instructions is <input type="text"/>	Contingency questions					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> qqquestions fulfil the same function as in interviews	Open-ended					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The social <input type="text"/> felt that there was a trajectory of development from simple agrarian to complex industrial-capitalist community within the evolutionary schema.	Thinkers					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The development of <input type="text"/> __research was in response to political, economic and legal turmoil that swept through Europe in the 18th century.	Social					<input type="button" value="eExam"/>

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> can be either open-ended or closed or structural questions	Questionnaire					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	A computer disks that contain a self administered questionnaire give to respondents is referred to as <input type="text"/>	Disk by mail survey					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> cannot be inserted in magazine, newspaper	Questionnaire					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> is a list of program with several possible responses to each	Attitude scale					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> are generally used to gather information or data directly from the individuals under study	Questionnaire					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	In <input type="text"/> the observers arranges for the observations of subjects in simulation of real-life situations	Indirect observation					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The <input type="text"/> __ is a method of systematically collecting data from people about their behaviour, attitudes and beliefs.	Survey					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The disadvantages of participants observation according to <input type="text"/> (2001) is the participant observation is too straight to follow.	Osuala					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Natural or artificila observation is one of the methods of <input type="text"/> __.	observation					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Observational methods is divided into <input type="text"/>	Three					eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	CCTV is <input type="text"/>	Close Circuit Televison					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	A systematic method of data collection is <input type="text"/>	Hypothesis					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Sociological research <input type="text"/> must be subjected to empirical verification.	Hypothesis					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Social research must be <input type="text"/> upon clear delineation of the subject of inquiry.	Predicated					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Humanistic discipline as social research should be concerned with problem affecting the <input type="text"/> _condition.	Human					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	A <input type="text"/> is a powerful tool in scientific inquiry.	Hypothesis					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> propose that although human society is made up of individual institutions, it often a challenge to explain observed conduct, human motivation and relates them with human psychology.	Emily Durkheim					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The <input type="text"/> __is a method of systematically collecting data from people about their behaviour, attitudes and beliefs.	Survey					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> __states the researcher's expectations concerning the relationship between variables in research problem	Hypothesis					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	There are <input type="text"/> major type of sampling	four					eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The most widely used method of gathering data in social sciences is <input type="text"/>	Interview					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> __wrote the Rule of Sociological method (1895)	Emile Durkheim					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> __is when a sample fails to represent the population it was intended to represent	Sampling bias					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> __is the ability of an instrument to foresee coming event	predictive validity					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	True mark + Random Error + Systematic Error = <input type="text"/>	Observed mark					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The <input type="text"/> __is a method of systematically collecting data from people about their behaviour, attitudes and beliefs.	Survey					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Emile Durkheim and <input type="text"/> were evaluated in the study guide.	Max Weber					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> __uses the method of social research to study diverse objects from census data to in-depth analysis of individual and groups social life.	Social science					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Social research is the <input type="text"/> scientific research activities carried out by social scientists.	Step-by-Step					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The social <input type="text"/> felt that there was a trajectory of development from simple agrarian to complex industrial-capitalist community within the evolutionary schema.	Thinkers					eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<p>The development of _____ research was in response to political, economic and legal turmoil that swept through Europe in the 18th century.</p>	Social					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<p>Before the advent of social _____ and application of scientific methods to its study, human inquiry was based on personal experience.</p>	Research					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<p>The most commonly used method of gathering in Researches is _____</p>	Face to face interview					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<p>The four basic level of measurement was stated by _____</p>	Eta and Akin.					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<p>The focus group interview usually consist of _____ people</p>	6 – 12					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<p>The accurate watching and noting of phenomena as they occur in nature concerning cause and effect or mutation relation is called. _____</p>	Observation					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<p>_____ is a comprehensive list of the elements or members of the population under investigation</p>	Sampling Frame					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<p>A _____ study gathers information about the correlation between test scores and a criterion measure available at the same time.</p>	Concurrent					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<p>_____ is the study of reasoning used in most intellectual activity but is studied primarily in the disciplines of computer science, mathematics and philosophy.</p>	Logic					eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Inductive reasoning by its very nature, is more <input type="text"/> and expository, especially at the beginning.	Open-ended					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Inductive reasoning is sometimes call a <input type="text"/> _approach.	Bottom-up					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Validity is an essential characteristic of <input type="text"/> in Social Research.	Measurement					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Social research must be <input type="text"/> upon clear delineation of the subject of inquiry.	Predicated					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The social <input type="text"/> felt that there was a trajectory of development from simple agrarian to complex industrial-capitalist community within the evolutionary schema.	Thinkers					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The development of <input type="text"/> __research was in response to political, economic and legal turmoil that swept through Europe in the 18th century.	Social					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Before the advent of social <input type="text"/> and application of scientific methods to its study, human inquiry was based on personal experience.	Research					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Sociological research <input type="text"/> must be subjected to empirical verification.	Hypothesis					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Social research is the <input type="text"/> scientific research activities carried out by social scientists.	Step-by-Step					eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> works on social research deals with the fundamental problem of scientific knowledge, its nature, limits and possible concern of social research.	Max Weber					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	This type of research is good for measuring how an observed outcome is related to one or more <input type="text"/>	Variables					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Humanistic discipline as social research should be concerned with problem affecting the <input type="text"/> _condition.	Human					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Deductive reasoning is sometimes call a <input type="text"/> _approach.	Top-down					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> Validity is a logical analysis of the items.	Content					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Sociological research <input type="text"/> must be subjected to empirical verification.	Hypothesis					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Social research is the <input type="text"/> scientific research activities carried out by social scientists.	Step-by-Step					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> _wrote the Rule of Sociological method (1895)	Emile Durkheim					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> described scientific law	Bodgan					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The type of research that observes changes over time is <input type="text"/> research.	Retrospective					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	The odd one of these names is <input type="text"/>	Robert Kalous					eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Social research is the <input type="text"/> scientific research activities carried out by social scientists.	Step-by-Step					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> states the researcher's expectations concerning the relationship between variables in research problem	Hypothesis —					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Relevance, simplicity, clarity and originality are guidelines to good <input type="text"/> —.	research questions __					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	investigation is one of the objectives of social <input type="text"/> —.	research					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Kuder -Richards formulas is applied under <input type="text"/> equivalent reliability	Rationale.					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	<input type="text"/> research is the type of research that involves the comprehensive research into an aspect of a large phenomenon	Comparative.					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	Abstract and unreal objects or events can also be called <input type="text"/> _validity	construct					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	FBQ	A research which examines a phenomenon through the analysis of different data sources in order to increase the outcome validity is <input type="text"/> __research	Triangulated.					eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ is an interview in which the respondents are subjected to rigorous questioning	Panel ,	Telephone ,	Focus group ,	Indepth	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ is a research that can lead to increased insight into people's thoughts, feelings and behavior	Focus group ,	In-depth interview ,	Biography ,	Phenomenological	B	eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ is a measurement that uses symbols to classify observations into categories that must be both mutually exclusive and exhaustive	Nominal level ,	Ordinal level ,	Interval level ,	Ratio level	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ is a comprehensive list of the elements or members of the population under investigation	Sampling bias	Sampling Error	Sampling Frame	Sampling Population	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The abbreviation C.C.T.V means _____	Commercial Center Television	Central Conference Television	Close Grant Television	Close Community Televisio	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ is an observation instrument used in the observation activities of people within a given environment	CCTV	CCVU	CCTA	CCTU	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ is a measurement that uses symbols to classify observations into categories that must be both mutually exclusive and exhaustive	Nominal level ,	Ordinal level ,	Interval level ,	Ratio level	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Scales is set of _____ assigned to subjects, object or behavior is known as	Data	element	numerical values	Scores	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Panel is an interview in which the _____ are subjected to rigorous questioning	respondents	receiver	Focus group ,	Indepth group	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	A sampling technique which is recommended on some occasions when very quick results are needed is	Accidental	Quota ,	Snowball ,	Purposive.	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The analysis that overlaps with other types of analysis is called	content ,	Domain ,	Matrix ,	Narrative	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ is a research that can lead to increased insight into people's thoughts, feelings and behavior	Focus group ,	In-depth interview ,	Biography ,	Phenomenological	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Sampling frame is a comprehensive list of the elements or members of the _____ under investigation	Sampling bias	Sampling Error	population	Sampling orientation	B	eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	is an observation instrument used in the observation activities of people within a given environment	CCTV	CCVU	CCTA	CCTU	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	is a process of observing and recording observations that are collected as part of a research effort	Measurement	Interview	Sampling	Questionnaire	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	A Cluster sampling is sampling in which groups are _____.	randomly selected	Simply selected	frequently selected	Systematically selected	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Precision refers to the _____ and exactness of description of data set	Accuracy ,	level of measurement	Scaling ,	Efficiency	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____research type tends to explain a phenomenon by investigating how its components and other factors influence its interrelationship.	Correlational research	Historical research	Retrospective research	Cross-sectional research	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Editing provides the following qualities except	Incorrect entries ,	Accuracy ,	Completeness ,	Consistencies	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Crombach Alpha is also referred to as	Ineffective alpha ,	Efficient alpha ,	Cumulative alpha ,	Coefficient alpha	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Attributes can be ordered in which level of measurement	Radio ,	Interval	Ordinal ,	Nominal	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The research that seeks to understand phenomena by ascertaining time of occurrence, processes of growth and its dynamics.	Correlational research	Historical research	Prospective research	Cross-sectional research	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The type of research that observes changes over time	Time gazing research	Retrospective research	Prospective research	Cross-sectional research	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Which of the following described scientific law	Cohen	Lundberg	Bodgan	Taylor	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Under the processes of inductive reasoning _____ follows immediately after hypothesis	Observation	Theory	Investigation	Pattern	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The type of social research that tends to gain new insight on a social phenomenon.	Exploratory Research	Retrospective research	Prospective research	Cross-sectional research	D	eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ is used to develop a sophisticate typology with multiple levels of concepts	Analytic induction ,	Typology ,	Taxonomy,	Quasi statistics.	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ is an interview that delves into the reason behind answers, opinions or emotions in a given survey	Telephone ,	Indept ,	Face to face ,	Focus group	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ is an interview in which the respondents are subjected to rigorous questioning	Panel ,	Telephone ,	Focus group ,	Indepth	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ is a research that can lead to increased insight into people's thoughts, feelings and behavior	Focus group ,	In-depth interview ,	Biography ,	Phenomenological	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ is a measurement that uses symbols to classify observations into categories that must be both mutually exclusive and exhaustive	Nominal level ,	Ordinal level ,	Interval level ,	Ratio level	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ is a comprehensive list of the elements or members of the population under investigation	Sampling bias	Sampling Error	Sampling Frame	Sampling Population	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The odd one of these names is	Karl Marx	George Siminel	Robert Kalous	Herbert Spencer	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The following are forms Of hypothesis except	Inductive hypothesis	Verified hypothesis	Null hypothesis	Deductive hypothesis	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Relevance, simplicity, clarity and originality are guidelines to	Good research questions	Hypothesi	Validity	Reliability	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ is an interview in which the respondents are subjected to rigorous questioning	Panel ,	Telephone ,	Focus group ,	Indepth	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ is a research that can lead to increased insight into people's thoughts, feelings and behavior	Focus group ,	In-depth interview ,	Biography ,	Phenomenological	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ is a measurement that uses symbols to classify observations into categories that must be both mutually exclusive and exhaustive	Nominal level ,	Ordinal level ,	Interval level ,	Ratio level	D	eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ is a comprehensive list of the elements or members of the population under investigation	Sampling bias	Sampling Error	Sampling Frame	Sampling Population	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The analysis that overlaps with other types of analysis is called	content ,	Domain ,	Matrix ,	Narrative	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Attributes can be ordered in which level of measurement	Radio ,	Interval	Ordinal ,	Nominal	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	is a process of observing and recording observations that are collected as part of a research effort	Measurement	Interview	Sampling	Questionnaire	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	An Informal conversation during an interview ins known as _____	Structured interview	Conference Interview unstructured	Unstructured interview	Normal interview	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ Research type of research involves the collection of data in a highly structured manner.	Sampling	content ,	Structured interview	Quantitative	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Editing provides the following qualities except	Incorrect entries ,	Accuracy ,	Completeness ,	Consistencies	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Which of the following described scientific law	Cohen	Lundberg	Bodgan	Taylor	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ is an interview in which the respondents are subjected to rigorous questioning	Panel ,	Telephone ,	Focus group ,	Indepth	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ is a research that can lead to increased insight into people's thoughts, feelings and behavior	Focus group ,	In-depth interview ,	Biography ,	Phenomenological	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The type of research examines a phenomenon through the analysis of different data sources usually with the aim to increase the validity of one's outcome.	Qualitative research	cross-up research	Triangulated Research	Normal research	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The data collected in quantitative research are subjected to rigorous _____ analysis.	statistical	respondents	measurement	Pattern	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Numeric variables that can take any value	categorical ,	Descriptive ,	Continuous ,	Independent	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Editing provides the following qualities except	Incorrect entries ,	Accuracy ,	Completeness ,	Consistencies	A	eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Which of the following described scientific law	Cohen	Lundberg	Bodgan	Taylor	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Under the processes of inductive reasoning _____ follows immediately after hypothesis	Observation	Theory	Investigation	Pattern	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Crombach Alpha is also referred to as	Ineffective alpha ,	Efficient alpha ,	Cumulative alpha ,	Coefficient alpha	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Comparative research is the type of research that involves the _____ research into an aspect of a large phenomenon	Historical research ,	Correlation research ,	Case study ,	comprehensive	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Which of the following described scientific law	Cohen ,	Lundberg ,	Bodgan ,	Taylor.	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The type of research that observes changes over time	Explanatory research ,	Retrospective research ,	Prospective research ,	Cross-sectional research.	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The odd one of these names is	Karl Marx ,	George Siminel,	Robert Kalous ,	Herbert Spencer	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	The most widely used method of gathering data in social sciences is not Interview	TRUE	FALSE	NOT SURE	All of the above	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Emile Durkheim wrote the _____ method (1895)	social research	physical research	rule of research	Rule of Sociological	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Sampling bias is when a sample fails to represent the _____ it was intended to represent	Sampling error	Sampling frame	Sampling failure	population	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ is the process of establishing the representativeness of the items with respect to the domain of skills, tasks, knowledge and so forth of whatever is being measured.	concurrent validity	content validity	predictive validity	construct validity	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ formulas is applied under Rationale Equivalent reliability	Kuder - Richards	George Siminel,	social research	Inter-Rater	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ objects or events can also be called construct validity	content validity	equivalent reliability	split half reliability	Abstract and unreal	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	A _____ bias is introduced by human habits, which are not conducive for accurate measurement.	human	personal	habitual	peoples	B	eExam

<input type="checkbox"/>								
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	A research which examines a phenomenon through the analysis of different data sources in order to increase the outcome validity is	Qualitative research	Quantitative research	Squared research	Triangulated research.	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	A _____ is an instrument error, which is introduced in the measurement consistently in one direction.	equipment error	validity error	zero error	precision error	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	_____ states the researcher's expectations concerning the relationship between variables in research problem	Reliability	Validity	Hypothesis	Sampling	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	A _____ error results due to faulty measurement practices.	Accuracy	Precision	systematic	Demographic analysis	C	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	There are _____ major type of sampling	seven	twelve	four	four	D	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Inductive hypothesis is not a form of hypothesis.	TRUE	FALSE	NOT SURE	All of the above	B	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Hypothesis states the researcher's expectations concerning the relationship between variables in research problem	TRUE	FALSE	NOT SURE	All of the above	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	Relevance, simplicity, clarity and originality are guidelines to	Good research questions ,	Hypothesis ,	Validity ,	Reliability.	A	eExam
<input type="checkbox"/>	MCQ	One of these is not an objectives of social research	investigate,	involve ,	identify ,	explore	B	eExam

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